The FY 2020 BJA Adult Drug Court and Veterans Treatment Court Grant: Funding Opportunity for Tribes

Tribal Law and Policy Institute
www.Home.TLPI.org
www.WellnessCourts.org
Presenters

• Lauren van Schilfgaarde,
  *San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Tribal Legal Development Clinic Director*, UCLA School of Law
  – vanschilfgaarde@law.ucla.edu
  – wellness@tlpi.org; (323) 650-5467

• Gregory Torain,
  *Policy Advisor*, Bureau of Justice Assistance, Office of Justice Programs
  – Gregory.Torain@usdoj.gov; (202) 305-4485
To enhance the operations of drug courts or to implement new veterans treatment courts.

Specifically, the RFP seeks to address the needs of individuals in the criminal justice system with substance abuse issues. These court effectively integrate:

- evidence-based substance abuse treatment
- random drug testing
- equitable sanctions and incentives, and
- transitional services in judicially supervised court settings with jurisdiction over offenders to reduce recidivism, substance abuse and prevent overdoses.
Court Model

Applicants have the flexibility to identify the most appropriate court model on which to base their drug courts to accommodate the needs and available resources of their jurisdictions,

so long as

the model conforms to NADCP’s 10 key components for drug courts. All adult drug courts must be operated based on the following BJA and NADCP publication: Defining Drug Courts: The Key Components, found at https://www.ncjrs.gov/pdffiles1/bja/205621.pdf.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY</th>
<th>Adult Drug Courts</th>
<th>Veterans Treatment Courts</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$43 MILLION</td>
<td>$7 MILLION</td>
<td>$50 MILLION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$75 MILLION</td>
<td>$20 MILLION</td>
<td>$95 MILLION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$77 MILLION</td>
<td>$22 MILLION</td>
<td>$99 MILLION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$80 MILLION</td>
<td>$23 MILLION</td>
<td>$103 MILLION</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Finding the BJA Drug Court RFP

BJA.gov

WellnessCourts.org
• Released on February 24, 2020
• Close on May 14, 2020 (approx. 90 days)
• Overall Budget of $103,000,000
• 96 Site-based Awards
• Upcoming Solicitation Webinar on March 16, 2020 1:30 PM EST
Eligibility

- states and territories,
- state and local courts,
- counties,
- units of local government, and
- federally recognized Indian tribal governments (as determined by the Secretary of the Interior)
Eligible Drug Court Types

- Adult Drug Courts
- Driving While Intoxicated (DWI)/Driving Under the Influence (DUI) Courts
- Co-Occurring Courts
- Veterans Treatment Courts
- Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts
Multiple Federal Funds

An eligible applicant currently receiving federal funding for a part of its drug court program may apply; however, it will be ineligible if the request is for
• the same focus area and/or
• court type
as its active federally funded drug court program.

An eligible applicant may also apply to fund the same focus area and/or court type as a current grant if its end date is before the start date of this grant.
Grant Categories

• **Category 1**: Implementation of **Veterans Treatment Courts**. Grant maximum: $500,000. Period of performance: 36 months.

• **Category 2**: Enhancement of Adult Drug Courts and **Veterans Treatment Courts**. Grant maximum: $500,000. Period of performance: 36 months.
Category 1: Implementation of Veterans Treatment Courts

$500,000
36 months

- Type A: only nonviolent offender
- Type B: violent and nonviolent offenders

- Completed a substantial amount of planning and ready to implement
- Court will provide
  - Treatment
  - Case management and coordination
  - Judicial supervision
  - Sanctions and incentive services
  - Key resources that reduce recidivism, such as
    - Transitional housing
    - Relapse prevention
    - Employment
Category 2: Enhancement of Adult Drug Courts AND Veterans Treatment Courts
$500,000
36 months

- Fully operational adult drug courts and veterans treatment courts (at least one year)

- Funding to
  - Scale up the capacity
  - Enhance treatment capacity
  - Enhance court operations
  - Expand or enhance court services
  - Improve the quality and/or intensity of services
Grant Categories

• Category 3: Statewide Strategies
  Not discussed in this webinar.
Deliverable

• Document that grantee has [implemented OR enhanced and/or expanded] a drug court program that adheres to the requirements of this solicitation, including the National Association of Drug Court Professionals (NADCP) best practice standards and consistent with the 10 Key Components.
OJP Priorities

• In FY 2020, and in addition to executing any statutory prioritization that may be applicable, OJP will give priority consideration to applications under **Category 1** and **Category 2** as follows:
  
  • Applications that address specific *challenges that rural communities* face.
  
  • Applications that demonstrate that the individuals who are intended to benefit from the requested grant reside in *high-poverty areas* or persistent-poverty counties.
  
  • Applications that offer enhancements to public safety in economically distressed communities (*Qualified Opportunity Zones*).
Reduction of Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Abuse

The focus of the ADC and VTC Discretionary Grant Program is to reduce opioid, stimulant, and substance abuse. In the program narrative, all applicants are required to describe a plan to serve offenders with substance addictions.
Violent Offender Prohibition

Under the ADC Program authorization, BJA funds under this program may not be used to serve persons who are “violent offenders.” This prohibition applies only to programs or activities that are funded by the BJA grant award, including match funds contributed by the grantees. **Grantees that use both ADC Program and other funds for a program must be able to track these expenses to ensure the separation of funds, and they must maintain documentation that they can show to an auditor if necessary.**

- **Note:** Applicants can serve veterans charged with violent or nonviolent offenses using veterans treatment court funds under Type B.
Violent Offender - 34 U.S.C. § 10613(a)

“a person who

(1) is charged with or convicted of an offense that is punishable by a term of imprisonment exceeding one year, during the course of which offense or conduct:
   (A) the person carried, possessed, or used a firearm or dangerous weapon;
   (B) there occurred the death of or serious bodily injury to any person; or
   (C) there occurred the use of force against the person of another, without regard to whether any of the circumstances described in subparagraph (A) or (B) is an element of the offense or conduct of which or for which the person is charged or convicted; or

(2) has 1 or more prior convictions for a felony crime of violence involving the use or attempted use of force against a person with the intent to cause death or serious bodily harm.”
Medical Marijuana

Award recipients are prohibited from using federal funds to support programs or activities that violate the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 801, et seq. Programs or activities funded under a BJA adult drug court and veterans treatment court award must ensure that drug court participants are tested periodically for the use of controlled substances, including medical marijuana. See 34 U.S.C. § 10611, et seq.
Medication-assisted Treatment

• MAT is an evidence-based substance abuse treatment protocol, and BJA is pro!

• BJA MAT provisions: https://www.bja.gov/Funding/adc-faq-medication-assisted-treatment.pdf
Effective Drug Courts

Reduce Recidivism and Substance Abuse among High Risk Participants through

1. Referrals based on validated assessments
2. Early, continuous, and intense treatment
3. Close judicial supervision and involvement
4. Mandatory and random drug testing
5. Community supervision
6. Equitable, consistent, and appropriate incentives and sanctions
7. Community reintegration and recovery support
What is a Drug Court?

Court program,
Managed by a multidisciplinary team,
Responds to the offenses and treatment needs of participants who are diagnosed with substance abuse,
Explicit exclusion against drug offenders who have committed acts of violence.
Tribal Authorizing Resolution

- Resolution, letter, affidavit, or other doc, that legally demonstrates tribal authority to implement the program.
Other Required Documents

- Financial Management and System of Internal Controls Questionnaire (including applicant disclosure of high-risk status)
- Disclosure of Lobbying Activities
- Applicant Disclosure of Pending Applications
- Applicant Disclosure and Justification – DOJ High Risk Grantees (if applicable)
- Research and Evaluation Independence and Integrity
NADCP Adult Drug Court Standards

• nadcp.org/standards
## NADCP Drug Court Standards

### Volume I
- Target Population
- Historically Disadvantaged Groups
- Roles and Responsibilities of the Judge
- Incentives, Sanctions, and Therapeutic Adjustments
- Substance Abuse Treatment

### Volume II
- Complementary Treatment and Social Services
- Drug and Alcohol Testing
- Multidisciplinary Team
- Census and Caseload
- Monitoring and Evaluation
Unallowable Use of Funds

- Violent offenders (except Veterans, Type B)
- Prizes, rewards, entertainment, trinkets
- Client stipends, gift cards, any monetary incentive
- Vehicles (Bus passes okay)
- Food and beverage
Match Requirement – 25%

- Cash or in-kind

\[
\underline{\$500,000} = \underline{\$666,666} \quad 25\% \times \$666,666 = \$166,666
\]

75%

- Self-determination contract/compact funds may be eligible for “non-federal” match
Application Components

- Program Abstract – 800 words, single-spaced
- Program Narrative – 20 pages, double-spaced
  - Statement of the Problem – 20%
  - Program Design and Implementation – 40%
  - Capabilities and Competencies – 20%
  - Data Plan for Performance Measures – 15%
- Budget – 5%
  - Budget Detail Worksheet (Excel)
  - Budget Narrative
- **Time Task Plan** – tracing objectives to be met over grant period
  - Must indicate the # of participants served each quarter
- **MOU b/wen key Team Members** (Towards Capabilities and Competencies points)
- **Policies and Procedures Manual** (Towards narrative points)
Project Abstract

• 800 words
• Describe Court:
  – Category
  – Pre- or Post-adjudication
  – Tribal Healing to Wellness Court
• Amount of requested funding
• Total # expected participants to receive services over life of the grant.
• Minimum, maximum, and average length of program participation.

• Target population, screening and assessment, MAT access
• Treatment for opioids
• Identify which NADCP Standards will be addressed and page # in application
• Other federal funding sources
• Prior Drug Court grant history
20 pages
1. Statement of the Problem (20%)
2. Program Design and Implementation (40%)
3. Capabilities and Competencies (20%)
4. Data Collection for Performance Measures (15%)
5. Budget Detail Worksheet and Narrative (5%)
STRUCTURING
THE
NARRATIVE

The Peer Reviewer Checklist
Category 1: Implementation Applicants (20 percent)

- Describe the nature and scope of the substance abuse problem for veterans in the jurisdiction. Include data on race, ethnicity, age, gender, arrest volume (i.e., specifics of the general arrestee population, including the percentage screened for drug court and what percentage of those are admitted into drug court), and crime patterns for adult defendants.

- Explain the problems with the current court's response to cases involving substance abuse; identify how and to what extent the proposed program will address the current arrest volume; and describe how the current number of treatment slots meets the needs of anticipated referrals.

- Describe the proposed veteran target population, including criminogenic risk level (high, medium, low), substance abuse treatment need, and the average jail or prison sentence that potential participants face, if any. Provide the target number of people for whom services will be provided under this program during the grant award period (36 months).

Category 2: Enhancement Applicants (20 percent)

- Describe the immediate issues that the enhancement grant will address. The applicant is encouraged to incorporate the evidence-based program principles included in the NADCP Adult Drug Court Best Practice Standards, and to specify which standard(s) will be addressed and how the standard(s) will be implemented. The applicant should also refer to the allowable uses of funds on page 11. In addition, the proposed enhancements should include criminal justice-related needs and can also include enhancements related to enhancing treatment and relapse prevention support services.

- Describe the current operation of the drug court, addressing:
  - Referral, screening, and assessment process
  - Eligibility requirements
  - Target population
  - Current capacity
  - Length and phases of the program
  - Case management process
  - Community supervision
  - Recovery support services delivery plan, including vocational and/or educational and transitional housing services
  - Judicial supervision
  - Process for randomized drug testing
  - Incentives and sanctions
Statement of the Problem, cont.

- Graduation requirements and expulsion criteria (include what drug court members are present when it is decided and communicated that a participant is terminated from the program)
- Restitution costs and all fees required for program participation

• Describe the mechanism that prioritizes court resources and services for individuals with high criminogenic risk and treatment need, including persons with repeat criminal justice involvement and substance abuse.

• Identify the treatment service(s) and/or practice(s) available for drug court participants, including access to MAT services, and how those services are currently monitored for quality and effectiveness. Discuss the evidence that shows that the drug and other treatment service(s) and/or practice(s) are evidence-based and effective with the target population. If the evidence is limited or nonexistent for the target population, provide other information to support the intervention selection. Provide local data and any evaluation findings that demonstrate the program’s impact with regard to participant recidivism and functional outcomes.
Program Design and Implementation

- Must demonstrate **prompt entrance**
  - No initial periods of incarceration (unless statutorily mandated)
- No fees that would prevent graduation
- Must permit access to MAT
- Commitment to evidence-based interventions
- Describe commitment to provide for opioid, *stimulant*, and/or other substance abuse
Project Design: Implementation: Describe the Veteran Treatment Court

- Screening, and assessment process
- Eligibility requirements
- Pre- or Post-Plea
- Length and phases of program
- Case management process
- Community supervision
- Evidence-based Treatment

- Recovery support services
- Judicial supervision
- Process for random drug testing
- Incentives and sanctions (relapse is a part of recovery)
- Graduation requirements
- Restitution costs and fees
Project Design: Implementation: Describe:

- What NADCP Standards will be implemented
- How will treatment providers be selected/monitored
- Range of treatment to be used
- High risk/high need assessment tool
- How will the court be “early intervention”
- Community engagement
- How will treatment be funded
- For VTCs Type B – availability of anger management and domestic violent treatment
Project Design: Enhancement
Describe:

- Proposed enhancements
- What, if any, Drug Court Standards will be implemented
- High risk/high need assessment tool
- Target capacity #
- Also describe:
  - Drug testing process
  - Frequency of judicial status hearings
  - Perception of procedural fairness
  - Evidence-base for treatment interventions
  - Treatment services to address opioid, stimulant, and substance abuse reduction
  - Family engagement
  - Trauma-informed care
  - Recovery-support services
Capabilities and Competencies: Implementation

• BJA Veterans Treatment Court Planning Initiative?

• Identify each team member and their role
  – Attach MOU

• Describe communication and coordination strategies

• Indicate whether team includes: law enforcement and probation

• Describe treatment
Capabilities and Competencies: Enhancement

- Identify each drug court team member who will have a role in the proposed enhancement
- Identify other critical personnel
- Proposed treatment partners
- MOU signed by each team member
Data Collection - Implementation

• Performance management and evaluation plan
• Process for quarterly review of # of participants (Time Task Plan)
• Client community reintegration or continued care strategy
• Sustainability plan
Data Collection - Enhancement

- How court performance of court operations will be evaluated
- Quarterly review of participants served vs. projected number
- Sustainability Plan
- Client communication reintegration or continued care strategy
Performance Measures

• Awardees required to submit quarterly reports at https://bjapmt.ojp.gov/

• Performance Measure Tools:
  – Category 1: Implementation
  – Category 2: Enhancement
GENERAL AWARD INFORMATION

1. Was there grant activity in the reporting period? Grant activity is defined as any proposed activity in the BJA-approved grant application that is implemented or executed with BJA program funds.
   A. Yes
   B. No (Please explain below)

2. Which one of the following type of areas best describes where your Drug Court program is located? (Please select only one area type.)
   A. Urban (a large city with 50,000 or more people) __________
   B. Suburban (territory outside of a large city with a population of 2,500 to 50,000 people or more) __________
   C. Rural (territory that encompasses all people and housing not included within a suburban, urban, or tribal area) __________
   D. Tribal (territory that contains a concentration of people who identify with a federally recognized American Indian tribe) __________

3. What is the expected number of participants the Drug Court program plans to serve with BJA program funds over the life of this award? The value should correspond to what was reported in the grant application.
   A. Enter the expected number of participants __________

4. Is this the last time the grantee is reporting in the PRT before closing out this award? If "yes," the grantee must complete the Court and Criminal Involvement section. This question will appear and go into effect starting with the January to March 2013 reporting period.
   A. Yes __________
   B. No __________
Performance Measure Tool Categories

• General Award Information
• Program Characteristics
• Program-Level Measures
  – Amount of Services Added
  – Amount of Services Delivered

• Participant Level Measures
  – Screening and Program Intake
  – Risk Assessment
  – Number of Drug Court Participants Receiving Services
  – Program Completion and Judicial Interaction
  – Alcohol and Substance Involvement

• Court and Criminal Involvement
• Narrative Questions
## Performance Measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Data Grantees Provide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improve, enhance, and/or expand drug court services to reduce substance use and recidivism of drug court participants.</td>
<td>Percentage of participants admitted to the program</td>
<td>During this reporting period: A. Number of drug court participants that were admitted B. Total number of eligible drug court participants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Percentage of participants who successfully completed the program</td>
<td>A. Number of participants enrolled in the program B. Number of participants who successfully completed program requirements C. Total number of successful and unsuccessful completions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Data Grantees Provide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Improve, enhance, and/or expand drug court services to reduce substance use and recidivism of drug court participants. | Percentage of participants who tested positive for illegal substance | A. Number of drug court participants in the program for 90 days who tested positive for the presence of an illegal substance during this reporting period  
B. Number of drug court participants in the program for 90 days who were tested for the presence of illegal drugs during this reporting period |
| | Percentage of program participants who recidivate while enrolled in the program  
Percentage of arrest  
Percentage of program participants who recidivate within one year after completion of the program | A. Number of drug court participants  
B. Number of drug court participants who recidivate while enrolled in the program  
C. Number of drug court participants who were arrested for drug offenses  
D. Number of drug court participants who were arrested for non-drug offenses  
E. Number of drug court participants who were arrested for non-drug and drug offense one year after program completions |
Time Task Plan (required)

- Outline when objectives will be met.
- Summarize
  - Major activities
  - Responsible agencies
  - Expected completion dates
- Must include the # of program participants to be served each quarter.
Team MOU

- Signed be each key drug court team member
- Outline general responsibilities and expectations for coordination
- Judge, prosecutor, defense, treatment, data specialist, community supervision, coordinator
Fiscal Agency MOU

• Drug Court applicants
• Describes how the applicant will coordinate directly with the drug court, reflecting how the applicant will serve as the fiscal agent.
### BJA Adult Drug Court RFPs PROs and CONs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pros</th>
<th>Cons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Drug court specific RFP/funding source</td>
<td>• Not tribal specific RFP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Specific reference to Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts</td>
<td>• Tribes have to compete with state drug courts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Peer reviewers will have substantial drug court specific knowledge</td>
<td>• No guarantee that any Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts will be funded under these RFPs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• In recent years, at least 2-3 tribes per year have received funding under the general BJA Adult Drug Court RFP</td>
<td>• Violent Offender Prohibition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• More grant awards under general BJA Adult Drug Court RFP than under any other drug court specific RFP (such as OJJDP and SAHMSA RFPs)</td>
<td>• 25% match requirement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Common Mistakes

• Not responding to all of the requested information
• Failed to draw connection between statement of the problem and the program design
• Not providing the requested information in relevant section where peer reviewers could easily locate it
• Failed to draw the connection between the proposed budget and the programmatic activities
• Inconsistencies within proposal – different writers by section
• Did not provide specific measurable targets for performance measures
TIPS

1. Check all of the resources linked in the RFP
2. Use scoring criteria as a general guide for how many pages to devote to each section
3. Don’t wait until the deadline to apply
4. Go back and review the budget after completing the narrative.
5. Focus on attachments *(Time Task Plan!)*
6. PDF everything!
If unsuccessful

• Always ask Agency to provide comments
• Keep prior proposals and comments (although different review panel each time)
• Ask Agency what other services can be provided such as:
  • Training and Technical Assistance (T/TA)
  • Capacity Building
  • Scholarships for Conferences/Trainings
• Ask Agency for copies of successful applications
• Serve as peer reviewer
OTHER FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Program (COAP)

- Diversion and alternatives to incarceration programs that expand outreach, treatment, and recovery efforts to individuals impacted by the opioid epidemic who come into contact with justice system.
- Category 1: First Responder Partnerships
- Category 3: System-Level Diversion Projects
- Category 6: Public Safety, Behavioral Health, and Public Health Information-Sharing Partnerships
Juvenile Drug Court
Family Drug Courts

OFFICE OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
Juvenile Drug Treatment Court Enhancement (operational for at least 1 year)
- Juvenile Drug Court Guidelines
- $600,000/36 months

Juvenile Treatment Court Planning and Implementation
$500,000/36 months

25% match
Logic Model
• Family Drug Court Enhancement (operational for at least 1 year)
  – $750,000/36 months
• Serving Veterans Through Family Drug Courts
  – $500,000/36 months
• Family Drug Court Implementation
  – $600,000/36 months
• 25% match
• Logic Model
Solicitation Overview

• The National Community Courts Site-based and Training and Technical Assistance Initiative supports efforts by state, local, and federally recognized Indian tribal governments to establish and enhance community courts in their jurisdictions.

• Community courts enhance public safety by addressing underlying issues that lead to criminal behavior, including substance abuse and behavioral health issues. By engaging communities in planning and operational processes, they provide justice system officials with more effective options in dealing with lower-level offenses, enhance public trust in the conduct of justice, and help to reduce unnecessary incarceration.
National Community Courts Site-based and Training and Technical Assistance Initiative (Program Objectives)

- Category 1: Implementation or Enhancement:
  - Implementation grants are available to eligible jurisdictions that have completed a substantial amount of planning and are ready to establish a community court.
  - Enhancement grants are available to eligible jurisdictions with an existing community court that has been fully operational for at least one year as of September 30, 2020.

- Category 2: Training and Technical Assistance:
  - The National Community Court Training and Technical Assistance (TTA) program is designed to help judges, court personnel, and other partners to plan, implement, sustain, enhance, and evaluate problem-solving justice initiatives that link judicially-supervised offenders to drug treatment, alternative sanctions, and other services in order to reduce drug use, crime, and incarceration. Applicants should be capable of providing TTA in all settings (including rural) where assistance building capacity may be needed.
SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION (SAMHSA)
Expand Treatment in Family Treatment Courts and in Adult Treatment Court (SAMHSA)

- Was due Feb. 2, 2020
- Allowable uses of funds
  - Service expansion – larger number of clients
  - Substance abuse and/or co-occurring treatment and recovery services
    - Needs and assessments
    - Outpatient, intensive outpatient, or residential treatment programs
    - Recovery Services, e.g.:
      - Transportation
      - Employment services/job training
      - Case management
      - Child care
      - Peer support
      - Parent education
      - Recovery housing
WELLNESS
COURT
RESOURCES
Wellness Court Trainings

- **Southwest Veterans Healing to Wellness Court Training**
  - March 30-31, 2020 | Santa Ana Pueblo, NM

- **Arizona AADCP Problem Solving Conference**
  - Apr. 15-17, 2020 | Prescott, AZ

- **Michigan MATCP Annual Conference**
  - May 6-7, 2020 | Lansing, MI

- **Tribal Track at 2020 NADCP Conference**
  - May 27-30, 2020 | Anaheim, CA [nadcpcconference.org](http://nadcpcconference.org)

- **Healing to Wellness Court Enhancement Training**
  - September 8-10, 2020 | Palm Springs, CA [EnhancementTraining.org](http://EnhancementTraining.org)

Find events and past materials at: [WellnessCourts.org](http://WellnessCourts.org)
Southwest Veterans Tribal Healing to Wellness Court Training Registration

March 30-31, 2020
Hyatt Regency Tamaya | 1300 Tuyuna Trail Santa Ana Pueblo, NM 87004

Join us for this free two-day event highlighting important considerations for serving and treating Native veterans and the Wellness Court model.

This event is approved by the U.S. Department of Justice.
SAVE THE DATE

10TH ANNUAL HEALING TO WELLNESS COURT ENHANCEMENT TRAINING

September 9-11, 2020 | Agua Caliente Indian Reservation, CA

www.EnhancementTraining.org

U.S. Department of Justice approval is pending.
This Project is supported by Grant #2019-DG-BX-K001 awarded by Bureau of Justice Assistance.
Join us for RISE20, NADCP’s 26th annual training conference, and be part of the world’s largest event on treatment courts and criminal justice reform.
The Tribal Key Components, 2nd. ed. (2014)

Treatment Guidelines, 2nd ed. (2017)

Case Management (2018)

The Judicial Bench Book (2016)


Overview of Tribal Healing to Wellness Court (2014)

Tribal Veterans Wellness Courts

- Technical Assistance
- Funding
- Veterans Treatment Court Planning Initiative
- Visit a Veterans Treatment Court
- Regional Conference
WellnessCourts.org
The Tribal Law and Policy Institute

Lauren van Schilfgaarde, Tribal Law Specialist
8235 Santa Monica Blvd.
Ste. 211
West Hollywood, CA 90046
(323) 650-5467
wellness@tlpi.org
www.WellnessCourts.org
Questions